As of today, the California Parole Board has too wide of a berth on the required qualifications the eligible inmates must meet. Furthermore, the Parole board changes its requirements at will, which makes it too difficult difficult for inmates to have a clear objective emphasis in the areas of their lives and plans they should focus on.

When parole candidates are denied parole, that decision must be reviewed by a qualified reviewing panel, consisting of at least two commissioners within thirty days from the denial date. This review must include the achievements in the inmate's life during his/her incarceration, and all positive work in self-help groups, jobs, and formal education.

This reviewing panel will have the power to override the Parole Board if they find the Parole Board's decision equivocal. Any decision the reviewing reaches must be communicated to the Parole Candidate within those thirty days. If they reach a decision that is also negative they must establish parameters the inmate must work on. These parameters must be clear, specific, and unchangeable.